

Le réseau européen de la PAC

Alessia Musumarra

Réseau européen de la PAC – Point de contact
pour la mise en œuvre du PAC (CAPI CP)





Qui compose le réseau:

Innovation et échange de connaissances | PEI-AGRI

Helpdesk européen d'évaluation de la PAC



Point de contact pour la mise en œuvre de la PAC



Objectifs du réseau

Encourager activement la participation des parties prenantes à la préparation et à la mise en œuvre des plans stratégiques de la PAC

Soutenir la mise en œuvre des plans stratégiques par les États membres et passer à une approche basée sur la performance pour obtenir des résultats

Fournir un soutien aux parties prenantes dans leurs processus de suivi et d'évaluation



Permettre l'apprentissage entre pairs et faciliter l'interaction entre les acteurs agricoles et ruraux

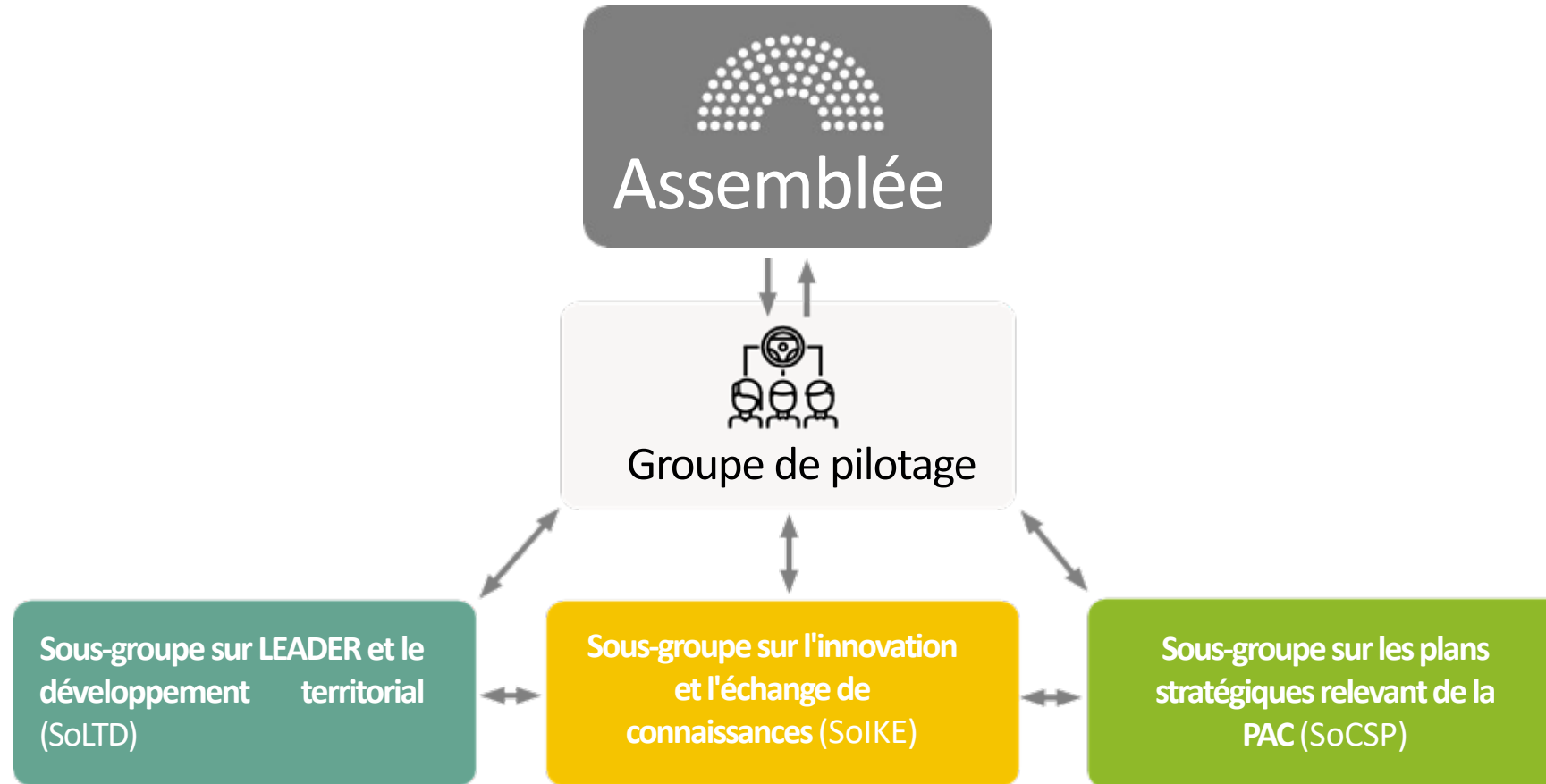
Encourager l'innovation et soutenir la participation de tous les acteurs concernés aux activités d'échange de connaissances

Soutenir la diffusion des résultats obtenus par les PSC





La Gouvernance du réseau:



Plus de détails sur la gouvernance et le rôle de chaque organisme [ici](#)





À qui nous nous adressons:

Organisations
sectorielles, ONG
EU

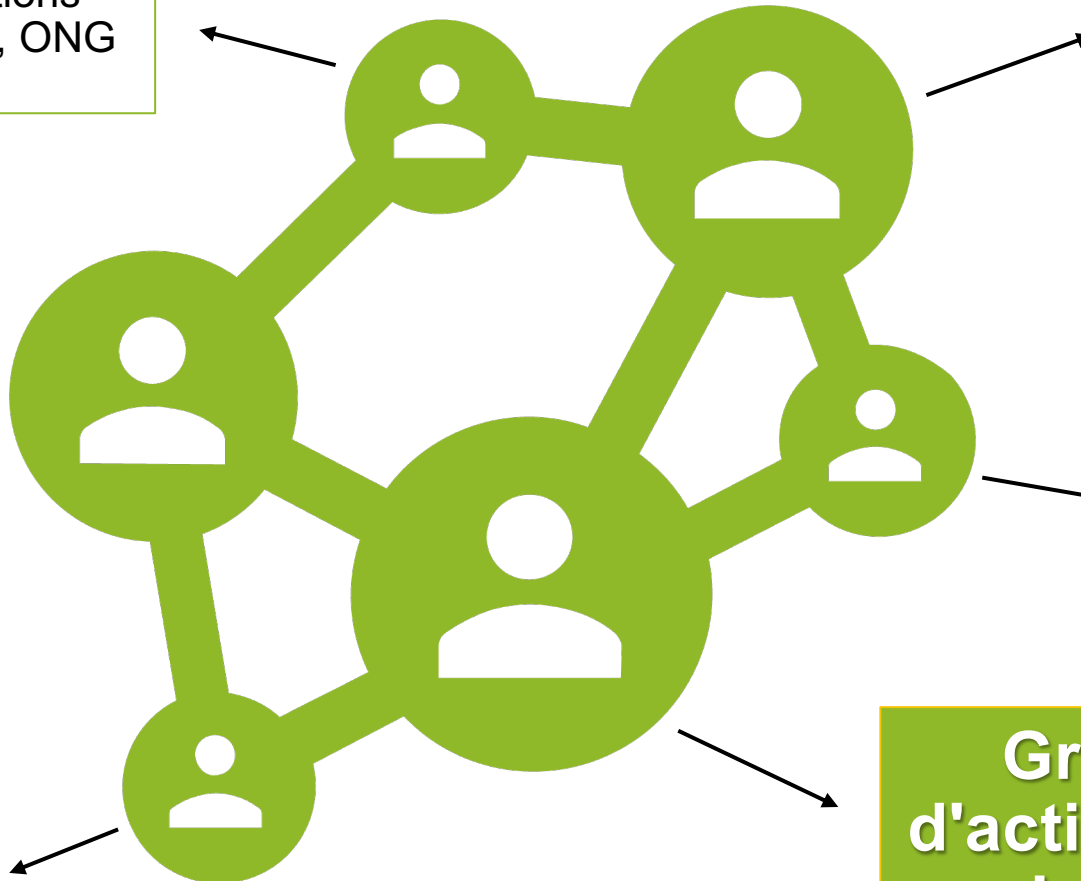
Réseaux
nationaux
de la PAC

Autorités de
gestion et
Organismes
payeurs

Agriculteurs/acteurs de
la chaîne alimentaire

Services de conseil
agricole, instituts de
recherche

Groupes
d'action locale
Leader





Activités pendant l'année

- 5 Groupes thématiques
(Septembre 2023 – Juin 2024)
- 2 réunions des réseaux nationaux (plus d'info sur le prochain [ici](#))
- 2 Workshop
- 1 Séminaire
- ARIA - prix de l'inspiration agricole et rurale

Groupes thématiques en cours

Groupe thématique sur les plans stratégiques relevant de la PAC :...

C'est l'occasion de discuter des approches innovantes pour la mise en place et le fonctionnement des comités de suivi, de partager des bonnes pratiques, et d'explorer comment les comités de suivi peuvent aider à la mise en œuvre des plans stratégiques relevant de la PAC.

Groupe thématique sur l'acquisition de compétences pour un...

Explorer les besoins ainsi que les possibilités de développement et de mise à jour des compétences agricoles.

[En savoir plus >](#)

Groupe thématique sur la conception et la mise en œuvre de programmes...

Réflexion sur la mise en œuvre des programmes écologiques, sur l'échange d'expériences concernant le niveau d'engagement des agriculteurs, et sur ce qui fonctionne bien et ce qui pourrait être amélioré dans les années à venir.

[En savoir plus >](#)

Réseau européen de la PAC : 3ème réunion des réseaux nationaux

Le Réseau européen de la PAC et le réseau national danois organisent conjointement la 3ème réunion des réseaux nationaux de la PAC au Danemark. Elle aura lieu les 20 et 21 mars 2024.



ÉVÈNEMENT - WORKSHOP

Workshop du Réseau européen de la PAC sur la durabilité des investissements

14 Dec 2023, 08:30 - 14 Dec 2023, 15:30 CET

Ce workshop aura lieu à Bruxelles, en Belgique, le 14 décembre 2023.



2023
AGRICULTURAL
& RURAL
INSPIRATION
AWARDS





Notre site web:



FR Français

Rechercher

Rechercher

Réseau européen de la PAC ▾

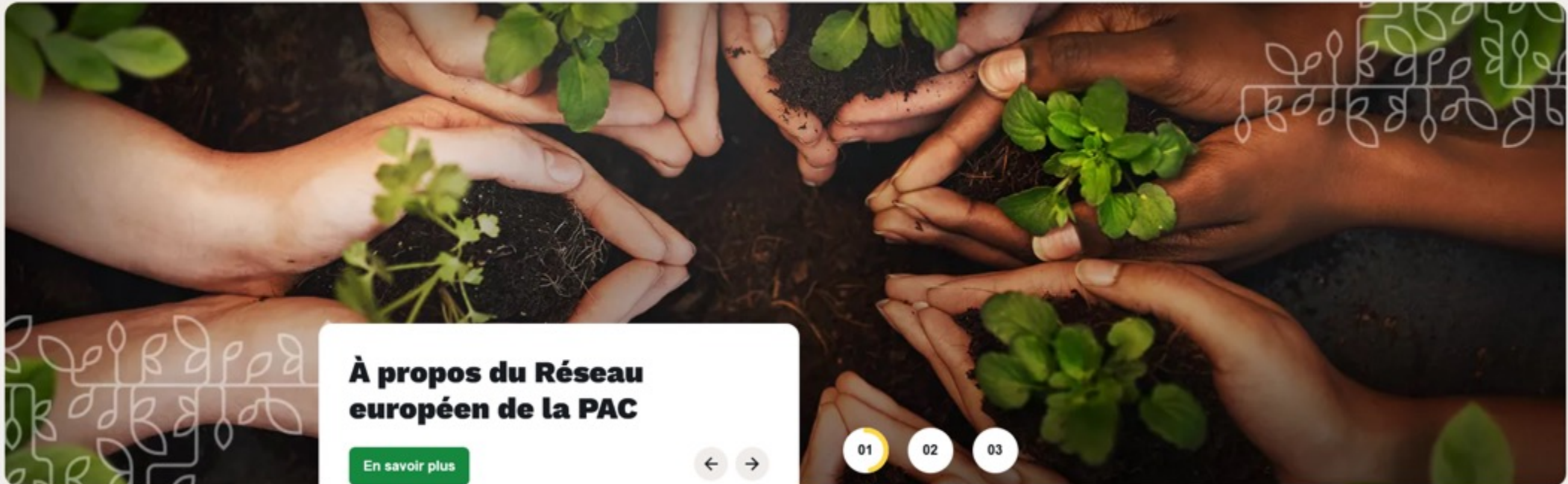
Actualités et événements ▾

Mise en réseau ▾

Projets et pratiques ▾

Thèmes ▾

Ressources ▾





Page de présentation des Réseaux Nationaux



Les pages consacrées aux réseaux nationaux fournissent des coordonnées et des détails sur la structure et le fonctionnement des réseaux nationaux et des Comités d'orientation du Réseau Rural National. Les pages des réseaux nationaux comprennent également des sections sur les principaux objectifs des réseaux, leurs membres, leur représentation régionale, leur gouvernance et leurs priorités thématiques.

Le document intitulé de la cartographie de villages (Novembre 2022) présente les principales conclusions de deux entretiens de cartographie de réseaux menés par le Point de contact pour le réseau en vertu de la PAC en 2022. Il s'agit notamment d'une cartographie de l'état des lieux et de la planification des réseaux nationaux en ce qui concerne le réseau, et d'une cartographie de 10 organisations de parties prenantes.

[Discover country-level information](#)

Réseaux nationaux



NATIONAL NETWORK

Belgium: Walloon Network

The Walloon CAP network is run by a consortium of 3 partners:

Trime, coordinator and contact point for the consortium, in charge of networking and mobilizing stakeholders with an emphasis on collective intelligence and co-construction.

Socopro is in charge of the development and structuring of agricultural sectors, the challenges of sustainable food, the challenges of agricultural markets and producers' position within value chains.

Natagriwal is in charge of issues like biodiversity in rural areas, agricultural and forestry issues, and practices respectful of the environment, particularly through eco-schemes of the CAP's first pillar and numerous interventions of the second pillar (MAEC, Natura 2000, etc.).



Contacts

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[Official Website](#)



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Fiches sur la PAC dans les pays



La PAC : données par pays


Découvrez comment la politique agricole commune est mise en œuvre dans chaque État membre, avec des informations sur les plans stratégiques nationaux relevant de la PAC, le networking et d'autres données utiles sur les différents pays.

La PAC est une politique commune à tous les pays de l'UE, gérée et financée au niveau européen par le budget de l'UE. Toutefois, la majeure partie du budget de la PAC est mise en œuvre dans le cadre de la « gestion partagée » entre la Commission européenne et les pays de l'UE : les pays de l'UE sont responsables de la mise en place d'un système de gestion et de contrôle des paiements issus des plans stratégiques relevant de la PAC qui soit conforme aux règlements de l'UE.

Cette section fournit des informations utiles et actualisées sur la mise en œuvre de la PAC dans chaque État membre par le biais des plans stratégiques relevant de la PAC, ainsi que des informations pertinentes sur le networking de la PAC dans chaque pays.



COUNTRY

 **Belgium**

On this page you can find information about support for farmers and rural stakeholders under the CAP in Belgium.

[Explore](#)

Support for farmers and rural stakeholders under the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) in Belgium is managed in the 2023-2027 period through **two CAP Strategic Plans (CSPs)**: one for Flanders and one for Wallonia, both funded under the [European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development \(EAFRD\)](#), [European Agricultural Guarantee Fund \(EAGF\)](#) and national contributions.

Liste des pays

Entrez un mot-clé



Austria



Belgium



Bulgaria



Croatia



Cyprus



Czechia



Denmark



Estonia



Finland



France



Germany



Greece

CSP Documents

The full CSP for Wallonia can be found on the [Walloon Ministry of Agriculture website](#) ^{C2}.

A short summary of the key points of the [Walloon CSP](#) is available on the [CAP at a glance](#) section of the [European Commission website](#).

The full CSP for Flanders can be found on the [Flemish Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries website](#) ^{C2}.

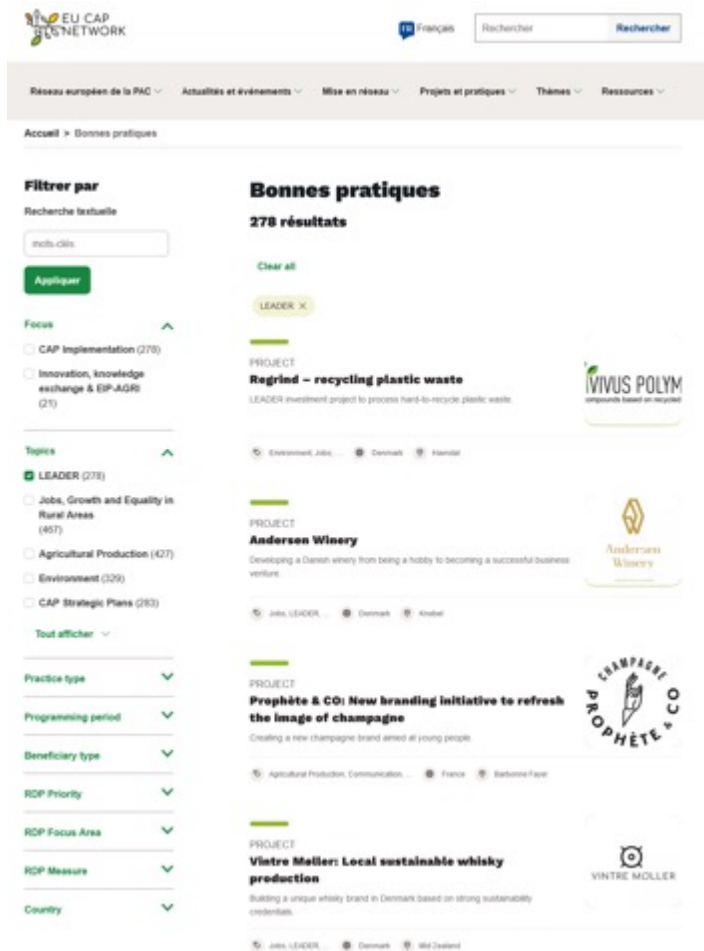
A short summary of the key points of the [Flanders CSP](#) is available on the [CAP at a glance](#) section of the [European Commission website](#).

More information on the CAP is available in the [CAP Overview](#) section of the EU CAP Network website.



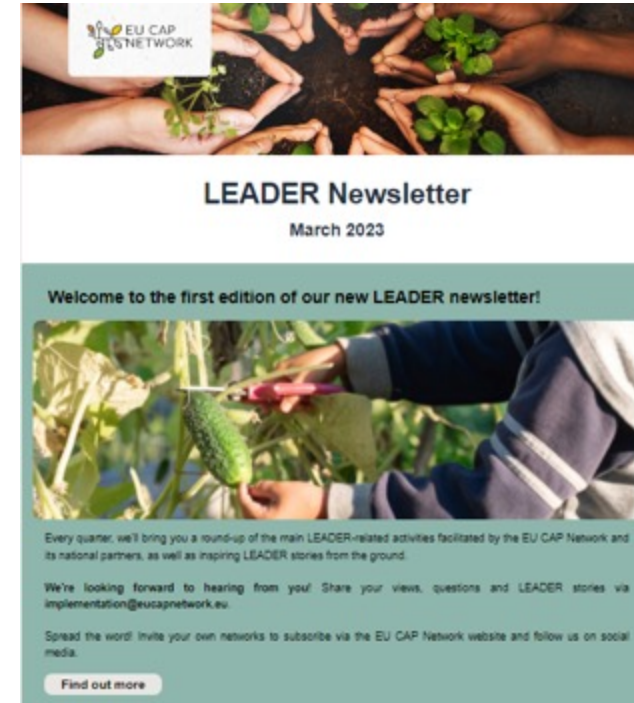


Banque de données des bonnes pratiques: un outil à explorer!



LEADER newsletter

(une par trimestre)



Bientôt disponible:

- Base de données GAL
- Page d'accueil pour LEADER/CLLD
- Outils LEADER





Publications

Perspectives politiques

Rapport:

Projects Brochure

Recueil de bonnes pratiques, études de cas (y compris projets LEADER)



Skills required by the EU agricultural workforce span an extensive and evolving range of disciplines and knowledge. These require commitment to continuous learning and training to strengthen the position of farmers in the food value chain. This Policy Insights article reflects - and expands - on the background work prepared for our *Thematic Group (TG) on Agriculture, Skills for a Strong and Sustainable Agricultural Sector* by exploring needs and opportunities related to the development of agricultural skills.

Some 17 million people work in the EU's agri-food sector, where agricultural production requires a combination of technical, entrepreneurial and problem-solving skills to complete a range of physical and business tasks. Such skills are important to the sustainable development of EU agri-food systems, as underlined by the Directorate for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) report considering *Training for the Jobs of Tomorrow and Trade in the EU*. This OECD report promises the potential of the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) to help fund upskilling programmes and advisory services for agricultural workers, including digital, environmental management and entrepreneurial skills.

Farmers and others employed in agriculture need to keep updating their knowledge on changing technologies and best practices in agri-food production. So-called Smart Agriculture, or *AgriCulture 4.0*, promises for their rapid technological change, driving the need to regularly refresh skill sets in areas such as equipment automation and digital information.

Demand for different farm skills can vary across the year, meaning that labour needs to be flexible. Agricultural enterprises such as those producing fruit and vegetables tend to rely on seasonal hired labour more than enterprises rearing livestock. In addition, a farm business is not necessarily restricted to only agricultural production and may diversify into other enterprises. Farm income streams from timber production, renewable energy or tourism all require their own specific technical skills as well as organisational and strategic competences.

Success for today's farm businesses is also dependent on other generational and its strategic or entrepreneurial skills - for example, planning the long-term allocation of land, labour and capital for food production. Staff may need to be recruited and trained, marketing and sales need to be planned, the regulatory and policy requirements must be understood, financial planning is critical to manage cashflow, and risks need to be identified and mitigated.

Fostering collaborative approaches

Skills are also increasingly useful to support farmers become successful entrepreneurs by pooling their financial and managerial resources to cooperate. Competitive advantages can be gained through collective actions as these offer new opportunities to leverage more knowledge and expertise, resulting in greater ability to tackle challenges and achieve business success. Building the capacity of agri-food businesses to collaborate effectively (including through producer organisations or cooperatives) in the development of skills can enhance productivity while reducing the risks. Pooling managerial skills and knowledge may also enable specialisation of tasks based on individual strengths, which can lead to better use of resources overall to a collective approach.

Strategic skills in collaborative action and resource pooling include negotiation competences needed to agree on a joint vision for partners in cooperation initiatives. Other priorities for agri-food cooperation relate to understanding legal frameworks used to govern business groupings, as well as networking and communication to ensure smooth, transparent decision-making. Training can be provided to boost the ability of farmers to foster leadership skills and entrepreneurial values, which can support business growth, including securing better prices for their products.



LEADER and multi-funded CLLD Workshop

The workshop provided the opportunity to exchange experiences and the main challenges for the implementation of multi-funded CLLD at the Managing Authority (Paying Agency and operational level), as well as discussing practical solutions. An overview of multi-funding across the EU was shared during the workshop and ideas were gathered on how to best utilise multi-funded Community-Led Local Development (CLLD) in the future programming period.

Event information

Date: 10-12 October 2023
 Location: Ljubljana, Slovenia (and field visits to Local Action Groups in surrounding area)
 Organiser: The event was organised by the EU CAP Network CAP Implementation Contact Point (CAIP CP), the Slovenian Managing Authority and DG AGRI.
 Participants: 80 participants from 21 EU Member States including Managing Authorities, National Networks, LAG Networks, European organisations, the European Commission, Local Action Groups and researchers.
 Outcome: Discussed practical solutions for improving the use of multi-funded CLLD in the current (2021-2023) and next programming period.
 Web page: <https://eu-cap-network.eu/evropa.eu/events/workshop-leader-and-multi-funded-ctld>

Welcome messages and introduction to the day

Andrija Hafner (Deputy Director General, EAFRD Managing Authority, Slovenia) welcomed participants to Ljubljana and emphasised the importance of rural development for Slovenia and the active role of Local Action Groups (LAGs) in strengthening access to public services, sustainable mobility, rural tourism and other key areas of local development. In the 2014-2020 programming period, approximately 1 500 projects were supported through multi-funded CLLD (MFCLLD) LAGs. Mr Hafner also stressed the importance of the bottom-up approach of multi-funded CLLD for the integration and participation of rural population. CLLD continues in the 2023-2027 programming period, in which all Slovenian LAGs will use EAFRD in combination with ERDF.

Maria Mänttari (Director CAP Strategic Plans R, DG AGRI) thanked the Slovenian colleagues for their support in the organisation of this event and reiterated the importance of an inclusive approach that involves all stakeholders in CLLD. He welcomed representatives of DG AGRI, DG ERDF and DG EMRF. Mr Mänttari welcomed the exponential growth of LEADER - both in the number of LAGs and in the number of LAGs in the past 10 years and the contribution of LEADER in supporting the transition of rural areas to become stronger, connected, resilient and prosperous. This could be possible if multi-funding is used more, for which purpose the European Commission (EC) introduced several simplifications related to the use of the Lead Fund and joint calls for local strategies. However, it seems that the use of ERDF funding for LEADER in rural areas in the period 2023-27 is less than expected.

The possibility of LAGs being beneficiaries of support from other funds was mentioned as being available also in those Member States that have not programmed MFCLLD. He called on participants to share

their experiences and discuss how they can do more and better for rural areas with the application of MFCLLD and expressed the willingness of the EC to listen and understand what needs to be done at local, Member State and EU levels.

Overview of the use of multi-funds LEADER/CLLD in CAP Strategic Plans

Stefan Kuh (Independent Consultant) provided an overview of multi-funded CLLD in the EU in the 2014-2020 and current 2023-2027 programming period. MFCLLD was defined as more than one fund used under the same Local Development Strategy. In the 2014-2020 programme, MFCLLD was used by 19% of all LAGs - in 25 Member States with ERDF, the fund most used in combination with EAFRD. The great diversity of approaches to MFCLLD is detailed in this presentation. In the 2023-2027 programming period, the number of Member States applying MFCLLD decreased from 15 to 10. However, the number of MFCLLD LAGs will potentially increase from 524 up to 990 in the period. In the current programming period, the ESR appears to be the fund most used in combination with EAFRD. Catalonia, France (one region) and Romania have introduced MFCLLD in the current programming period. Other MSs such as Poland have extended its use, while 7 stopped using it altogether.



Rural women Projects brochure

- 4 Boosting a sheep farming business in rural Czechia
- 5 Papal Kitchen
- 6 Boosting a rural oil processing business
- 7 Improving a farm's resilience to climate change
- 8 Social farming supports rural women who have faced domestic violence
- 9 Business Boost - Collaboration for more regional food
- 10 Interregional workshop on gender equality
- 11 Advancing gender equality in Spain's remote rural areas



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<https://bit.ly/41S2Muk>



Contactez-nous

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